

Lendlease

Performance and Governance Observations

April 2024



IMPORTANT

This report is solely for sophisticated investors who are Australian residents and wholesale clients as defined in section 761G of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)

This information is given in summary form and does not purport to be complete. Information in this presentation, including forecast financial information, should not be considered as financial product advice within the meaning of the Corporations Act or a recommendation to investors or potential investors in relation to holding, purchasing or selling securities or other financial products or instruments and does not take into account your particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. Before acting on any information you should consider the appropriateness of the information having regard to your objectives, financial situation and needs. Nothing in this presentation should be interpreted as advice or a recommendation to buy, sell or hold Lendlease shares or any other securities.



Performance for Shareholders



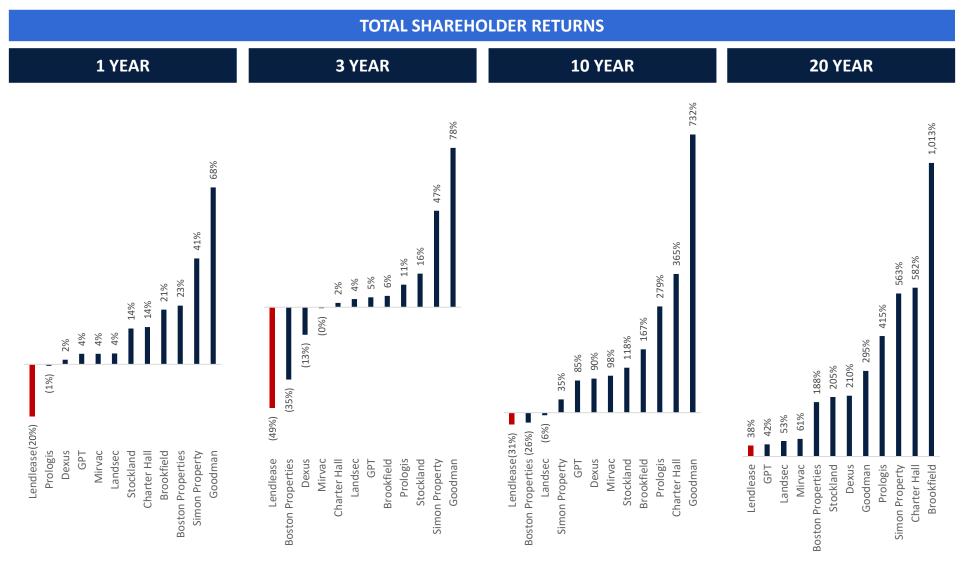


Lendlease's share price is 28% lower than what it was 30 years ago. Decline has accelerated since the implementation of the company's "Reset, Create, Thrive" strategy.





Multiple time periods tell the same story...



At 15 April 2024



Despite its long-term underperformance, Lendlease has genuine competitive strengths

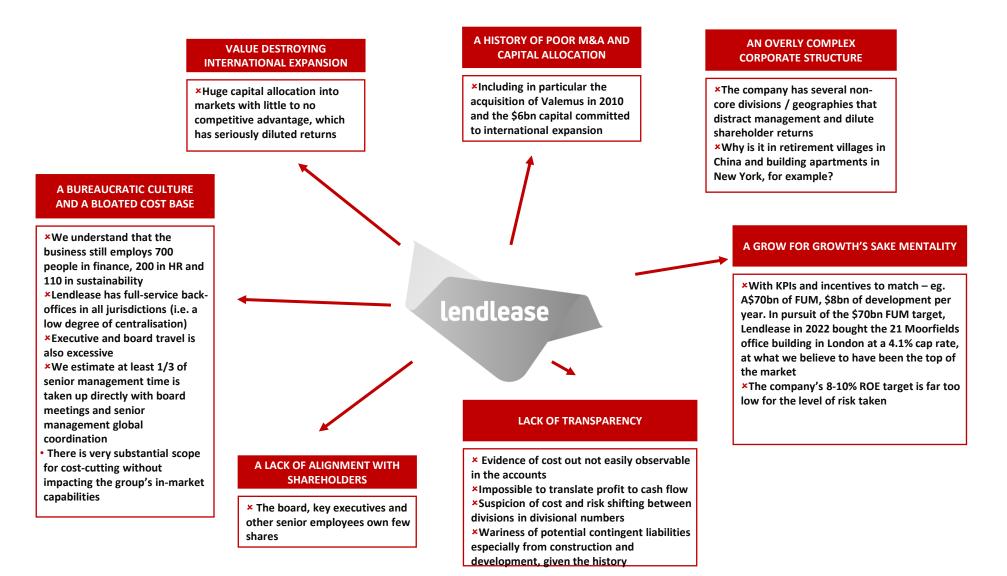
- Australian market generally
- Strong urban regeneration capabilities in specific markets (e.g. Barangaroo, Sydney) and mixed use developments
- Some good institutional investor relationships
- Social infrastructure construction e.g. hospitals
- Domestic development business with a track record of generating high returns on capital
- Skills in emerging sectors such as build-to-rent





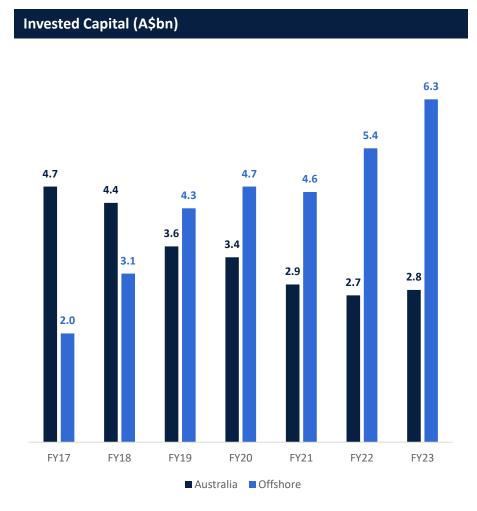


Key problems

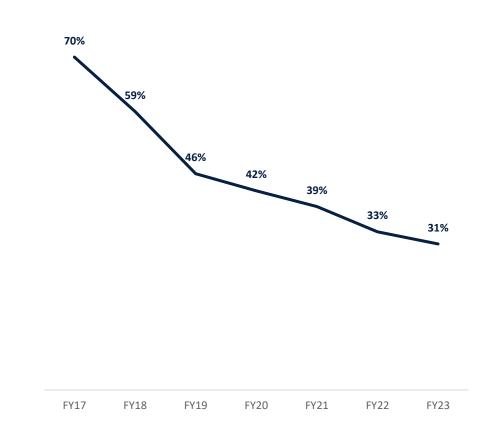




Lendlease has shifted the majority of invested capital offshore...



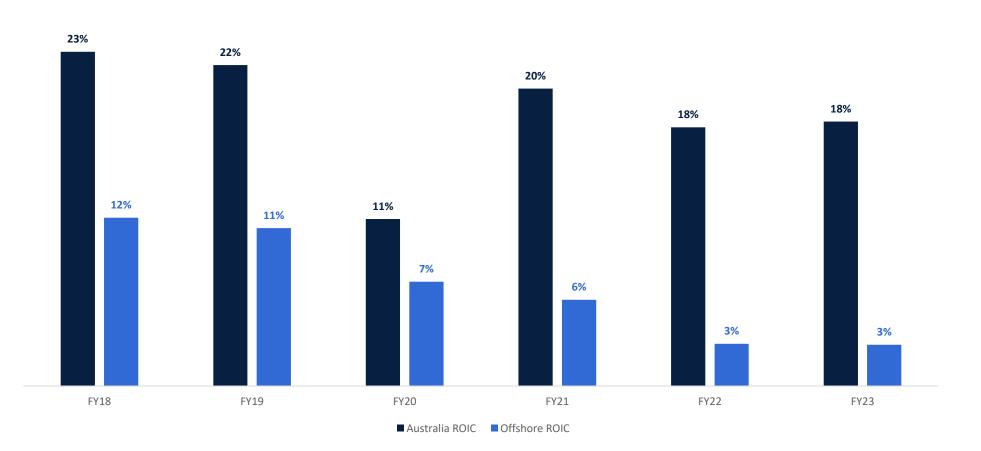
Australia % of Invested Capital





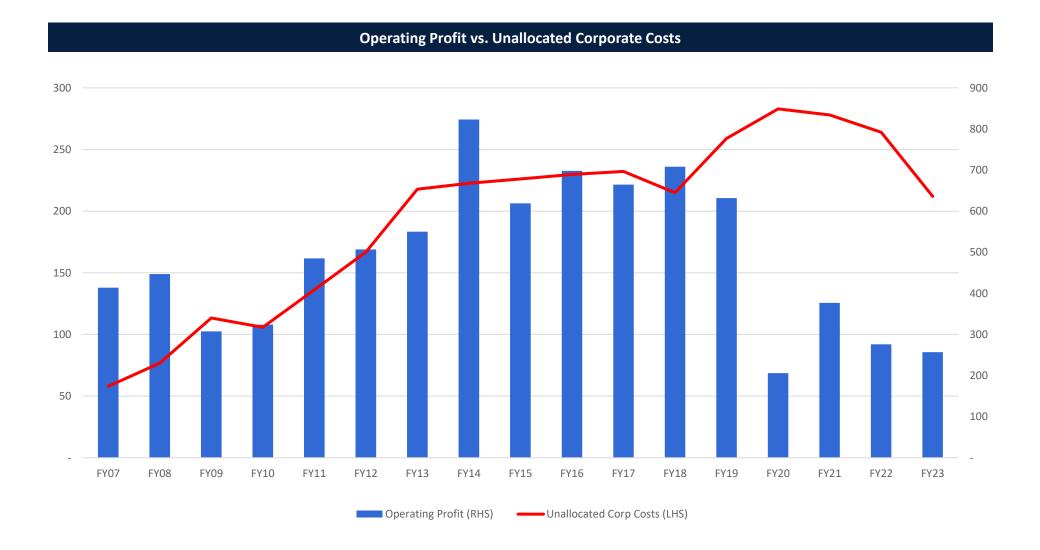
... and offshore returns are poor relative to Australia







Unallocated corporate costs have increased 5x over ~15 years while profits have shrunk





Impossible to reconcile stated cost-outs

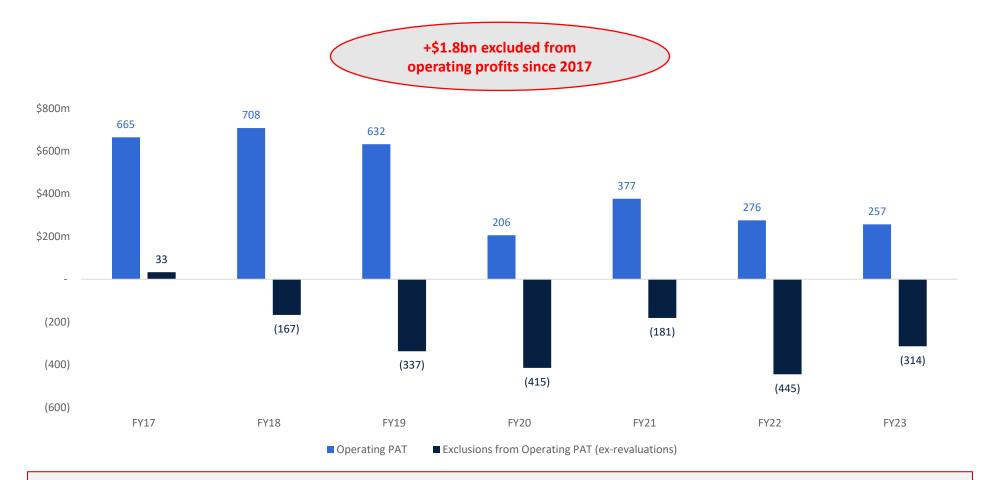
- Excerpt below from Lendlease's 1H24 investor presentation
- Presentation includes the phrases:
 - "Further progress on cost efficiencies; annualised pre-tax savings target of \$150m"
 - "Cost savings of ~\$60m pre-tax remains on track for FY24"
 - "Total FTE reduction of <u>9% complete (from 30 June 2023)</u> against 10% target for FY24"
 - "Removed >\$170m p.a. of costs [since FY21]"
 - "Actioned further cost savings of >\$150m pre tax"
- Stated benefits of substantial portion of cost savings credited to future development margins, which are impossible to verify and may never materialise

\$m	HY23	FY23	HY24	% change
Core				
Investments	197	332	120	(39%)
Development	89	283	112	26%
Construction	68	90	51	(25%)
Segment EBITDA	354	705	283	(20%)
Corporate costs	(76)	(161)	(76)	-
Operating EBITDA	278	544	207	(26%)

The numbers show a completely different story: No Improvement



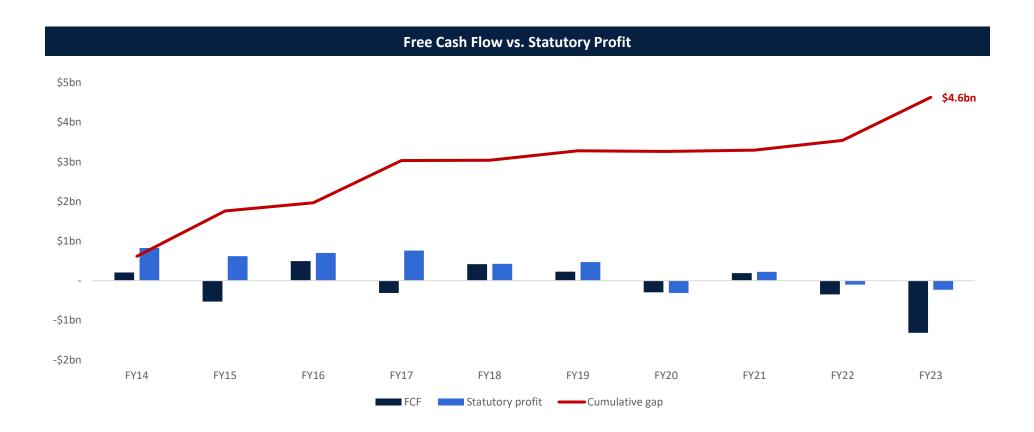
The company has opaque accounts, where operating profit after tax has substantial "exclusions"



This makes the company very difficult to invest in – there is a sense the company is always cum-bad news



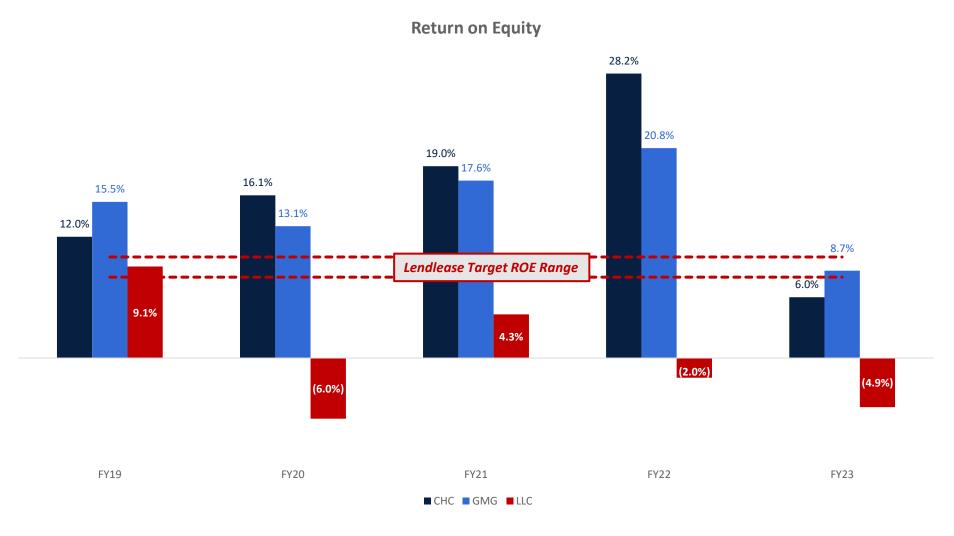
Free cash flow generation is vastly different to statutory profits recognised – a \$4.6bn gap since FY14



This makes the company very difficult to invest in – impossible to reconcile accounts



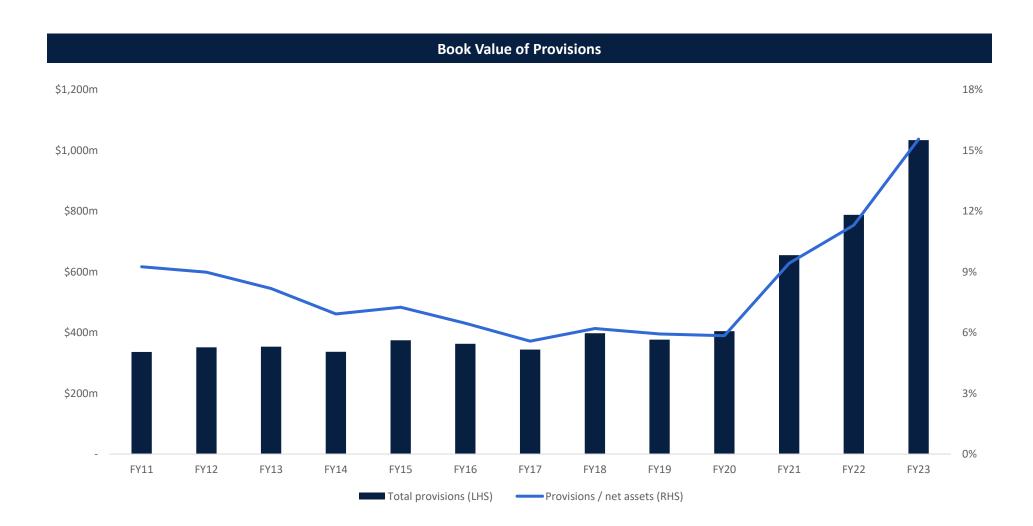
Return on Equity is not even close to peer performance, in fact Lendlease's 8%-10% target is in itself lower than peers (on average)



Page 15

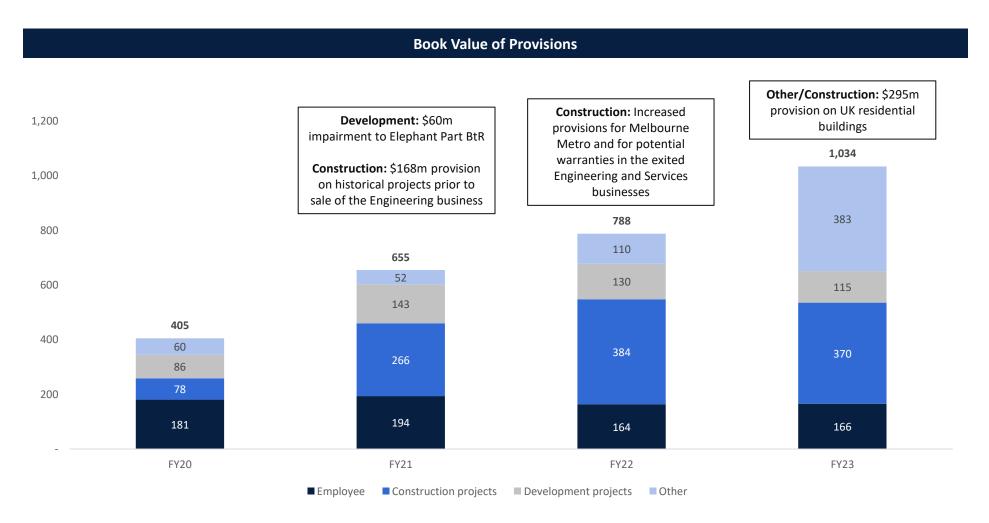


Provisions are >15% of net assets and rising





In addition to the provisions below, Lendlease also has two contingent liabilities: the Retirement Living tax matter and a securities class action





Lendlease has downgraded earnings every year since 2021

	Original Expectation	Consensus/Guidance	Revised guidance	Actual result	Outcome
FY21		A\$470m NPAT	A\$375-410m NPAT	A\$377m NPAT	×
		Development ROIC 2-5%	Development ROIC 2-4%	Development ROIC 2.2%	×
FY22		Construction margin 2-3%	Construction margin 2-3%	Construction margin 2.0%	×
		Investment ROIC 5-8%	Investment ROIC 7.5-8.5%	Investment ROIC 9.7% ~6.1% excluding MH sale	××
		Development ROIC 4-6%	Lower end of range	Development ROIC 3.3% 1.9% excluding communities	× × ×
FY23	FY23	Construction margin 1.5-2.5%	Lower end of range	Construction margin 1.2%	××
		Investment ROIC 6-7.5%	Lower end of range	Investment ROIC 6.1% 4.5% excluding MH sale	×××
FY24	8-10% ROE	Lower end of 8-10% ROE	~7% ROE 5-6% after excluding communities		* * *

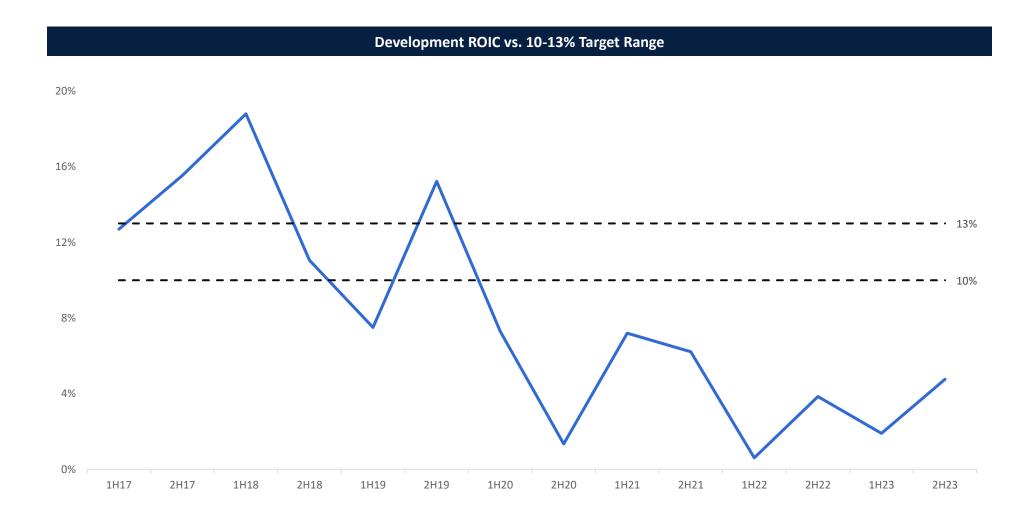
Source: Morgan Stanley Research and Tanarra estimates





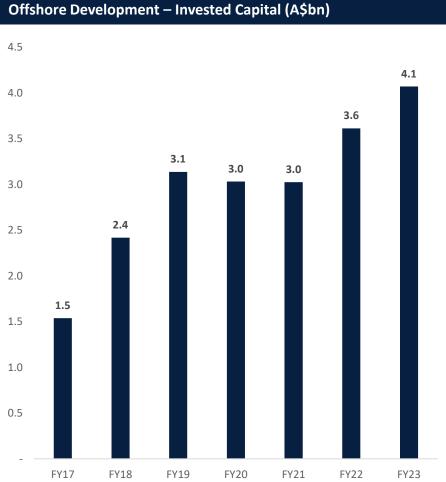


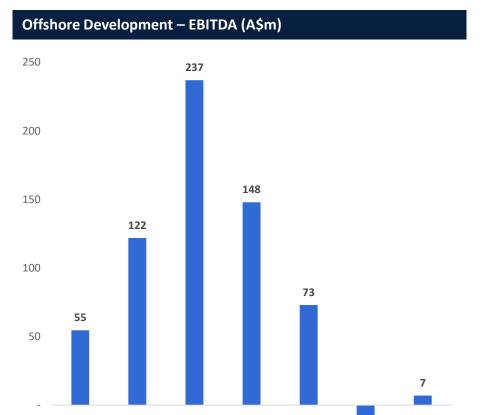
Development ROIC has been on a downward trajectory





This is because Offshore Development invested capital has increased by \$2.6bn since FY17, for no incremental EBITDA

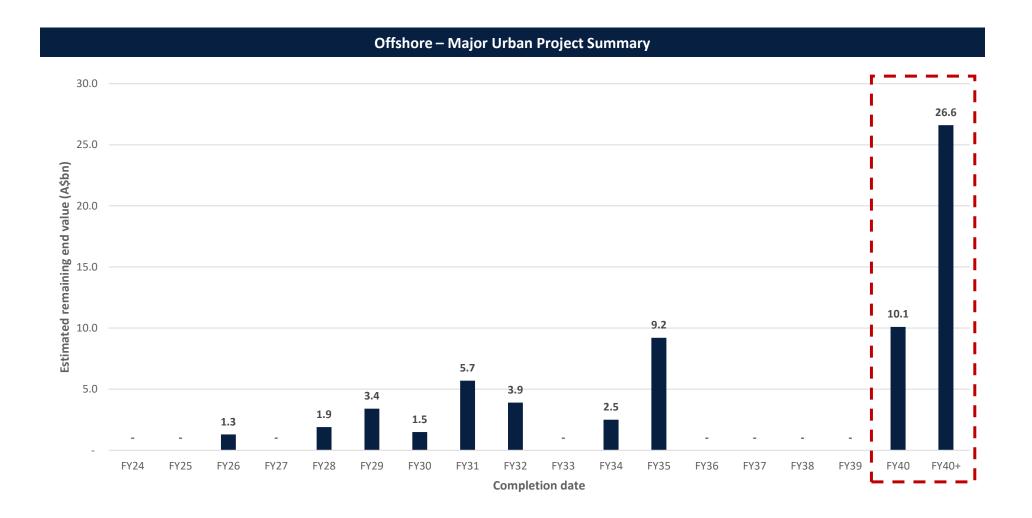




(18)



The Offshore Development book is incredibly long dated...





...which is in stark contrast to the Australian portfolio



TANARRA CAPITAL This presentation is solely for sophisticated investors who are Australian residents and wholesale clients as defined in section 761G of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)



Current status of several UK projects

DEPTFORD LANDING





Impaired No workers on site at time of visit

SILVERTOWN



Limited progress No workers on site at time of visit

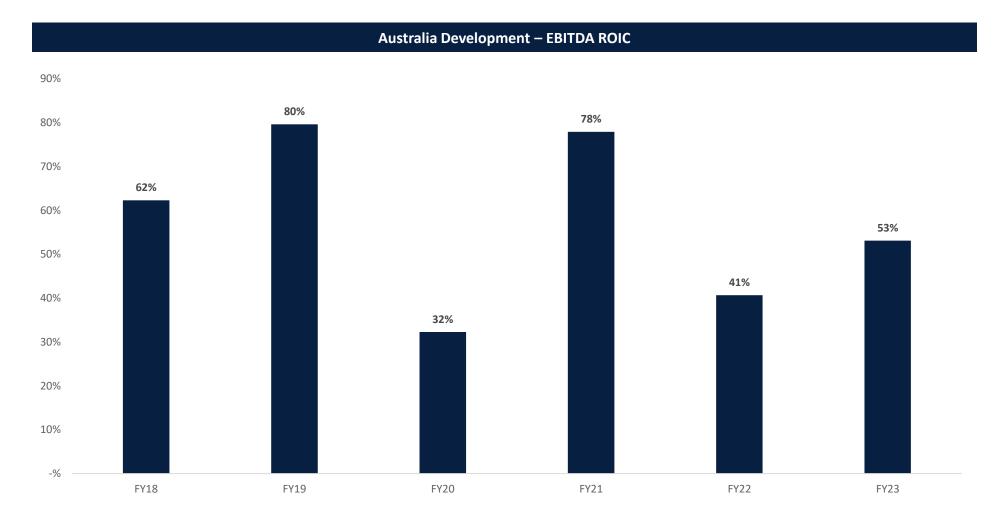
ELEPHANT PARK



Well progressed Appears to be a good project



Australian Development is both profitable and capital light – which translates to historically attractive returns on invested capital

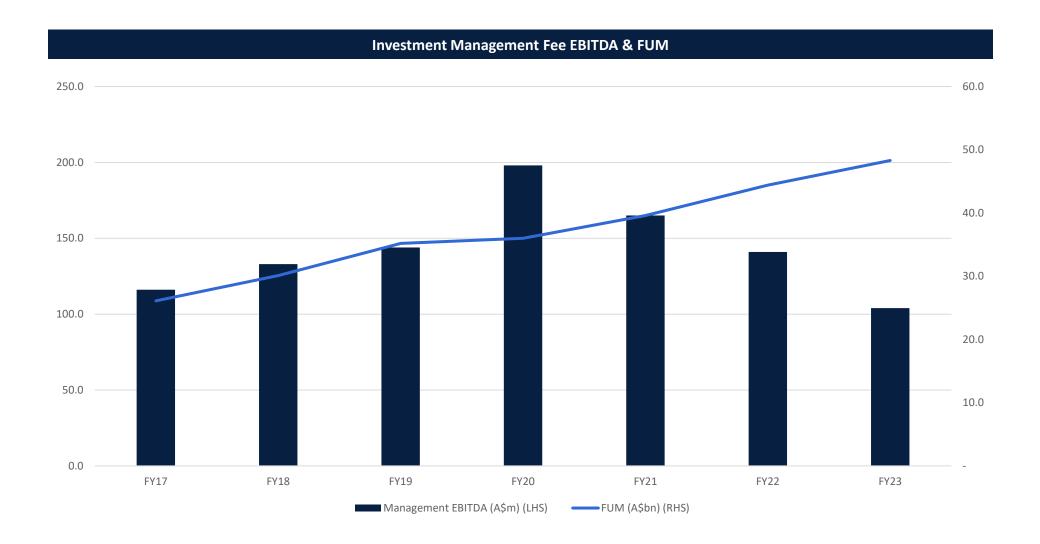






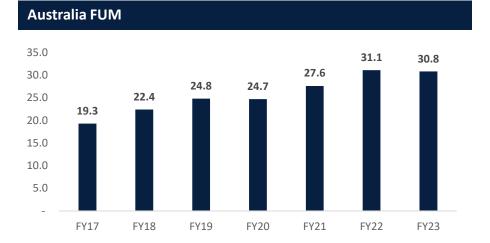


The profitability of investment management has substantially declined despite increasing FUM

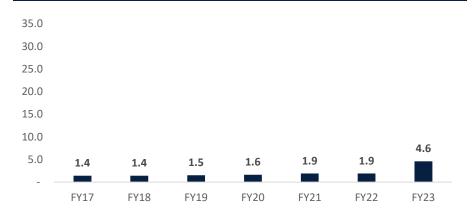




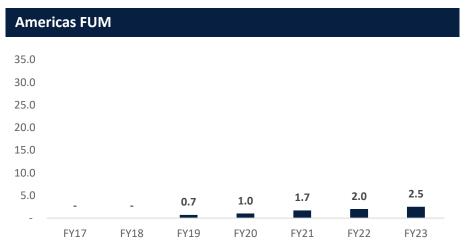
Australia and Asia comprise 64% and 22% of Lendlease's FUM respectively. The Europe and Americas funds management platforms are subscale



Europe FUM

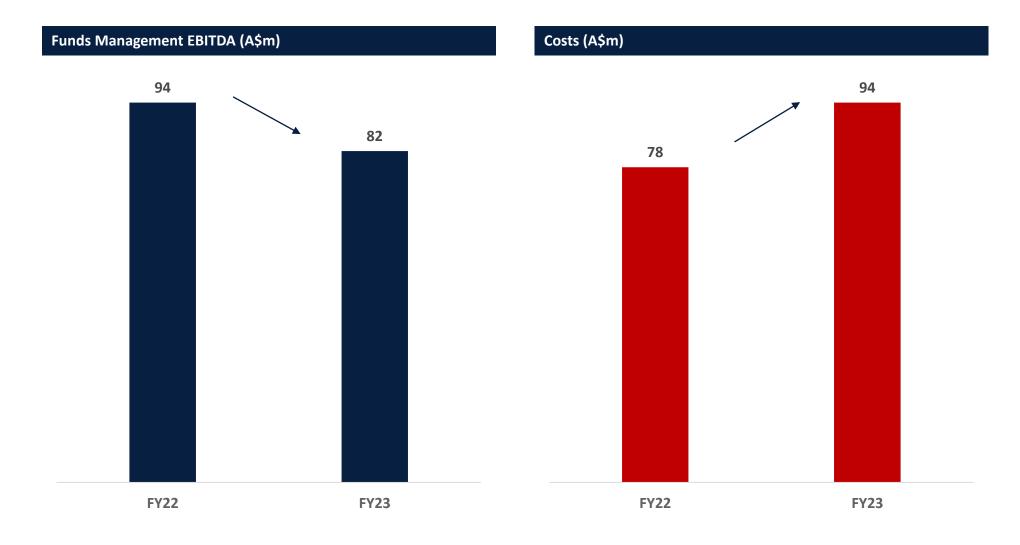








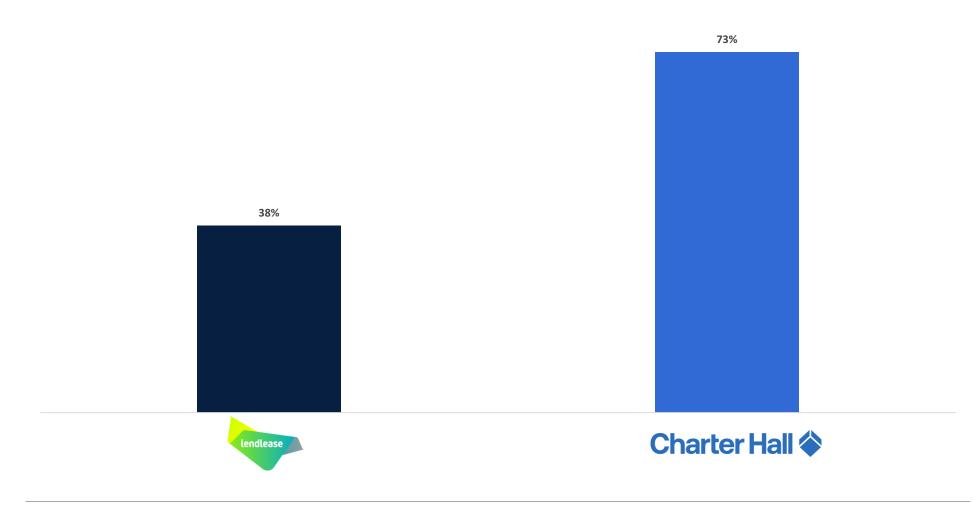
Funds Management costs up, profits down





Lendlease earns half the margins relative to Charter Hall in Funds Management

FY23 Funds Management EBITDA margin





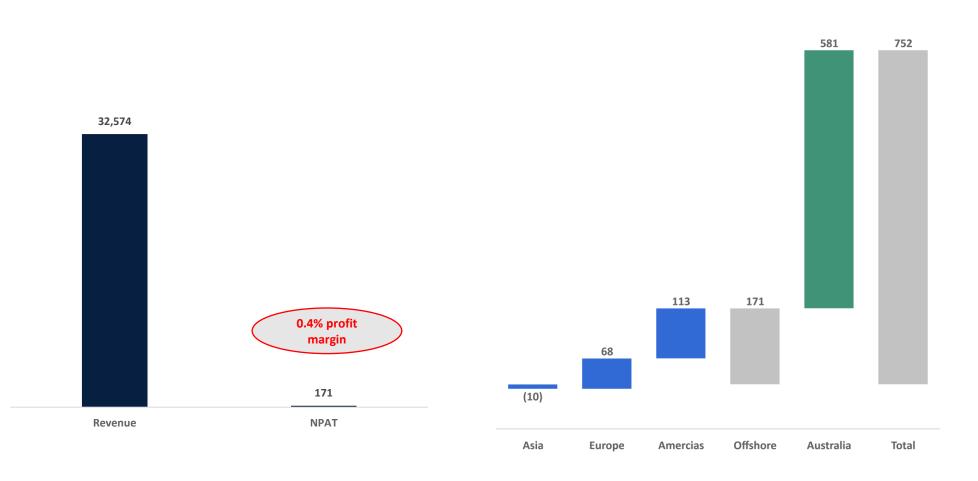




No reason to exist in global construction outside Australia

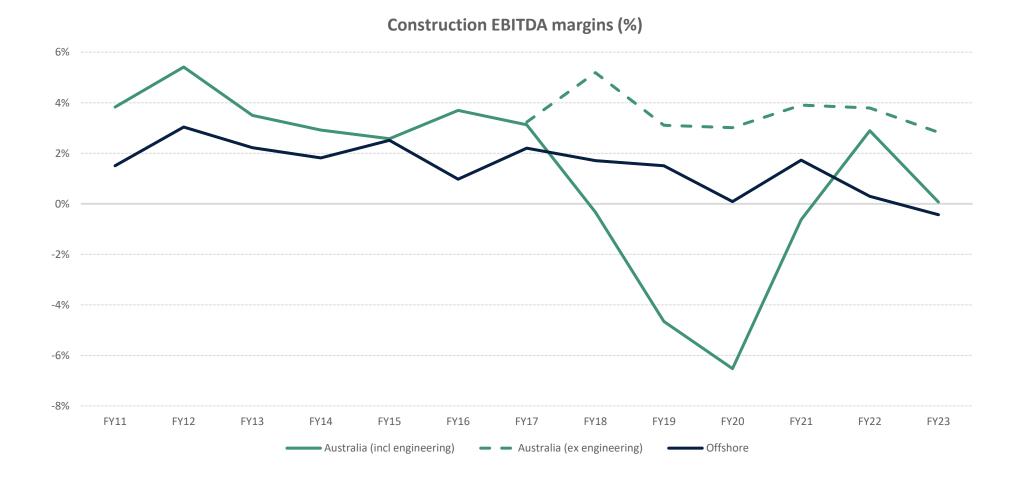
Global Construction Revenue and NPAT, Cumulative FY17-23 (A\$m)

Composition of Construction NPAT, Cumulative FY17-23 (A\$m)





Australia Construction (ex-engineering) is a reasonable business









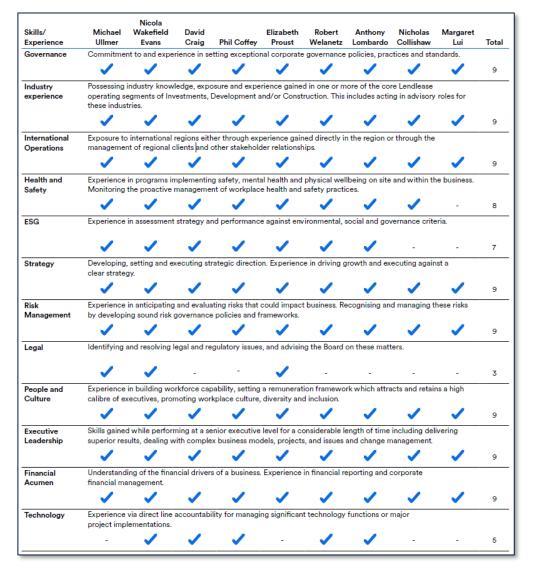
Independent director and CEO TSR outcomes

Director	Title	Tenure	TSR during tenure (%)	Relative TSR to ASX200 A-REIT (%)	Prior Property Experience?
Michael Ullmer	Independent Non-Exec Chair	Dec-11	30%	(251%)	NO
Tony Lombardo	Global CEO and Managing Director	May-21	(45%)	(75%)	na
Nicola Wakefield Evans	Independent NED	Sep-13	(6%)	(180%)	NO
David Craig	Independent NED	Mar-16	(40%)	(121%)	YES
Philip Coffey	Independent NED	Jan-17	(47%)	(115%)	NO
Elizabeth Proust	Independent NED	Feb-18	(54%)	(117%)	NO
Robert Welanetz	Independent NED	Mar-20	(61%)	(89%)	YES
Nicholas Collishaw	Independent NED	Dec-21	(37%)	(51%)	YES
Margaret Lui	Independent NED	Dec-22	(15%)	(42%)	YES
Barbara Knoflach	Independent NED	Oct-23	(10%)	(44%)	YES

Source: Refinitiv market data as at 4 April 2024



Despite self-assessing in the annual report with a near-perfect skills mix



Score¹: 92 / 99

Source: Lendlease 2023 Annual Report. Note: 1. Excluding legal



CEO record

- ~17 years at Lendlease:
 - 2007-2011: Head of Strategy & M&A
 - 2011-2016: Group CFO
 - 2016-2021: CEO Asia
 - 2021-Present: CEO
- Oversaw, as CFO, Lendlease's aggressive accounting policy of pre-recognising profits from 2011-16, subsequently reversed
- As Group Head of Strategy and M&A, was materially involved in a leadership role in the Valemus acquisition in 2010, which has led to losses of over \$1bn to Lendlease
- Received ~600,000 Lendlease securities from vesting of equity incentives over FY12-21. When he became CEO in September 2021, he owned just 9,764 securities
 - After Tanarra indicated its intention to vote against the remuneration report in 2022, he purchased 60,000 securities on market
- Has benefited from receiving larger Performance Rights as the Lendlease share price has declined:
 - FY21: 265,416 rights granted at a share price of \$12.06
 - FY22: 314,928 rights granted at a share price of \$10.16
 - FY23: 384,744 rights granted at a share price of \$8.32
- Has securities worth less than 0.2x his FY23 cash salary today
- Total remuneration from Lendlease:



c. \$33m total



Important Notices

Confidentiality

This presentation is prepared and furnished by Tanarra Capital Australia Pty Ltd ("TCA") (ACN 114 164 331) (AFSL No. 290098) on a confidential basis. The information contained herein should be treated in a confidential manner and may not be reproduced or used in whole or in part for any other purpose, nor may it be disclosed without the prior written consent of TCA.

Sophisticated investors

This presentation is solely for sophisticated investors who are Australian residents and wholesale clients (as defined in section 761G of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (the Corporations Act).

Preliminary information and no advice

This information is given in summary form and does not purport to be complete. Information in this presentation, including forecast financial information, should not be considered as financial product advice within the meaning of the Corporations Act or a recommendation to investors or potential investors in relation to holding, purchasing or selling securities or other financial products or instruments and does not take into account your particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. Before acting on any information you should consider the appropriateness of the information having regard to your objectives, financial situation and needs. Nothing in this presentation should be interpreted as advice or a recommendation to buy, sell or hold Lendlease shares or any other securities.

Independent investigation

Whilst the information contained in this presentation is believed to be reliable, its accuracy or completeness cannot be guaranteed, and, to the maximum extent permitted by law, no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of such information is assumed by TCA or any other person furnishing this presentation. To the maximum extent permitted by law, neither TCA, nor any related party, officer, director, adviser or associate of TCA, provides any representation or warranty in relation to this presentation, and each such person disclaims all responsibility for any loss or damage in relation to this presentation (including without limitation, liability for negligence).

Any opinions and forecasts in this presentation reflect the judgment and assumptions of TCA and its representatives on the basis of information available as at the date of publication and may later change without notice. Any projections contained in this presentation are estimates only and may not be realised in the future.

Investment risks

Any investment necessarily involves risks. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results. Any forward-looking statements included in this presentation may prove to be inaccurate and should not be relied upon as indicative of future matters. There can be no guarantee that targets or objectives set out in this presentation will be met.

Important Information Regarding Targeted Returns

Targeted returns will be based on TCA's analysis and evaluation of investment opportunities and on numerous investment-specific assumptions that may not be consistent with future market conditions and that may significantly affect actual investment results. Targeted returns are not projections, predictions or guarantees of future performance and there can be no assurance that target returns will be achieved.

No inside information

Information contained in this presentation is based on generally available information including deductions, conclusions or inferences drawn from such information. Any unauthorised use, disclosure or copying of this information or any part thereof is strictly prohibited and may be unlawful. Recipients of this presentation should refrain from trading, procuring, tipping or any other conduct that might contravene insider trading prohibitions.

TCA and its associates may have interests in financial products and may receive fees from investment funds invested in companies referred to.

Date

The information is current as at the date publication of this presentation, 20 April 2024. TCA does not accept any obligation to update this presentation.